INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

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COUNTRY	Yugoslavia	REPORT	
SUBJECT	Tito's Policy	DATE DISTR.	8 July 1955
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1. The political development in Yugoslavie, initiated after Tito's return from India, is approaching a crucial point. Even his closest collaborators follow the bold game played ty Tito with some scepticism and fear that he might get hurt. The fact that he negotiated with Moscow on the visit of a Soviet delegation in Belgrade was only known to five or six men of his entourage. The Yugoslav public is bewildered at this policy and generally feels that Tito risks a great deal.

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2. Tito is believed to have proposed to the Soviets not the neutralization but the pacification of the Balkans. He will probably declare his readiness to mediate between Moscow on the one side, and Ankara and Athens on the other. The Balkan Pact is not to be scrapped but is to be given a different purpose. According to this version, Turkey and Greece might continue as members of NATO, but tensions between the USSR and Turkey might be lessened by a reduction of military forces stationed along the Soviet-Turkish frontier. Tito hopes that the Turks will accept such a settlement, expecially if they are offered favorable trade terms. In regard to Yugoslavia, Tito also hopes to conclude a favorable trade agreement with the Soviets, which would make him more independent from the West. Tito is said not to be willing to negotiate with the Soviets on his plans of establishing a Balkan federation. He is convinced that time is working

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bound to play a dominant role in South-East Europe. He also believes that he is superior to the rather mediocre politicians of the West.

3. Tito returned from India and his talks with Nehru, U Nu, and Nasser firmly convinced of the feasibility of establishing a so-called "third force". He also appears to believe that Moscow is going through a period of relative weakness and that this period should be exploited in an effort to

roll the Soviets back from some advanced position in Europe. During the

for him. He accepted the risk of a deterioration in the relations between his country and the West because he is firmly convinced that Yugoslavia is

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hich brought about	even more concessions fro	om the Soviets.	25 X 1
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